RALPH BROWN AT EIGHTY Early Decades Revisited





FOREWORD

Ralph Brown's sculpture is imbued with a humanist concern for the pathos of our Human condition. *Mother and Child, Clochard, Tragic Group*, and *Vernal Figure* in particular, are profoundly emotional works that are deeply touching. The awkwardness of our bodies and their vulnerability, combined with the sensuality and excitement of bodily pleasures, make for an electric combination.

Ralph's sculpture is instantly arresting, shocking even. Its sensuous, visceral surfaces pulsate with an often erotic energy. As images of flesh, these are the sculptural equivalents of Lucien Freud's paintings. Clefts and folds, pits and creases, the body as archaeology or geology, anatomy as haptic journey, skin to skin, skin immersed in water, a feeling of the internal made external, even the chafing of a flayed carcass, all are sensations of Ralph's probing modelling technique. These are surfaces made for touching, the nervous, fluttering fingerwork and incisive drawing results in a lustful corporeality while simultaneously withdrawing into vulnerable awkwardness.

The graphic genital imagery or 'erotic equivalent forms' as Ralph terms them, were in the 1950s and '60s truly shocking. His sculptures had to be removed from exhibitions and photographs blacked out in catalogues. The ox's gaping body cavity in *The Meat Porters* is as obvious a metaphor as Sarah Lucas' *Chicken Knickers*. The *Tiresias Head* and *Head Queen* pre-empt the Chapman brothers' supplementation of genitalia for facial features decades later. As an image of malevolent, autocratic female power or Oedipal control, *Seated Queen* remains unique. Like the queen ant, a sense of the visceral lies just below the surface. Her huge distorted body, a thin-skinned bag of writhing energy, controls her community through chemical secretions, constantly reproducing and making clones of faceless workers.

In *Swimming* and other works in the series we see images of great freedom and an inventive mechanism to explore in a sculptural way a purely sensual experience. The visual illusion of bodies swimming, seen through the moving, refracting surface of water, gives Ralph the excuse to explore the all-over sensations of weightlessness and movement with a move away from realism towards abstraction.

Work so concerned with the sense of touch necessarily requires craftsmanship to match the concepts behind the imagery. Ralph is essentially a modeller, concerned with the building up of forms. He has carved in stone but clay and plaster are his natural mediums for creating sculpture. The versatility of bronze, its ability to reinvigorate every nuance of modelled clay with an enduring beauty, makes it Ralph's choice of preference for his finished works. He is well-respected in the foundry as an artist who really knows about bronze and how to exploit its qualities.

(LEFT)
Ralph & Caroline
Brown working in
the studio on *Queen*October 2008





Ralph is a consummate craftsman, refining and polishing, not to the detriment of the image but to complement it, to bring the forms to life. This concern is carried all the way to the final bronze surface where texture, line and polish must all work together. The long tradition of bronze makes it simultaneously ancient and modern and the echoes of past cultures are deliberate in Ralph's work: Egyptian deities, Greek heroes or Roman effigies. The Second World War, its tragedies and the euphoria of peace, together with the social freedoms of the 1960s, provide a more contemporary context in which he deftly and eloquently communicates our Human condition.

RUNGWE KINGDON

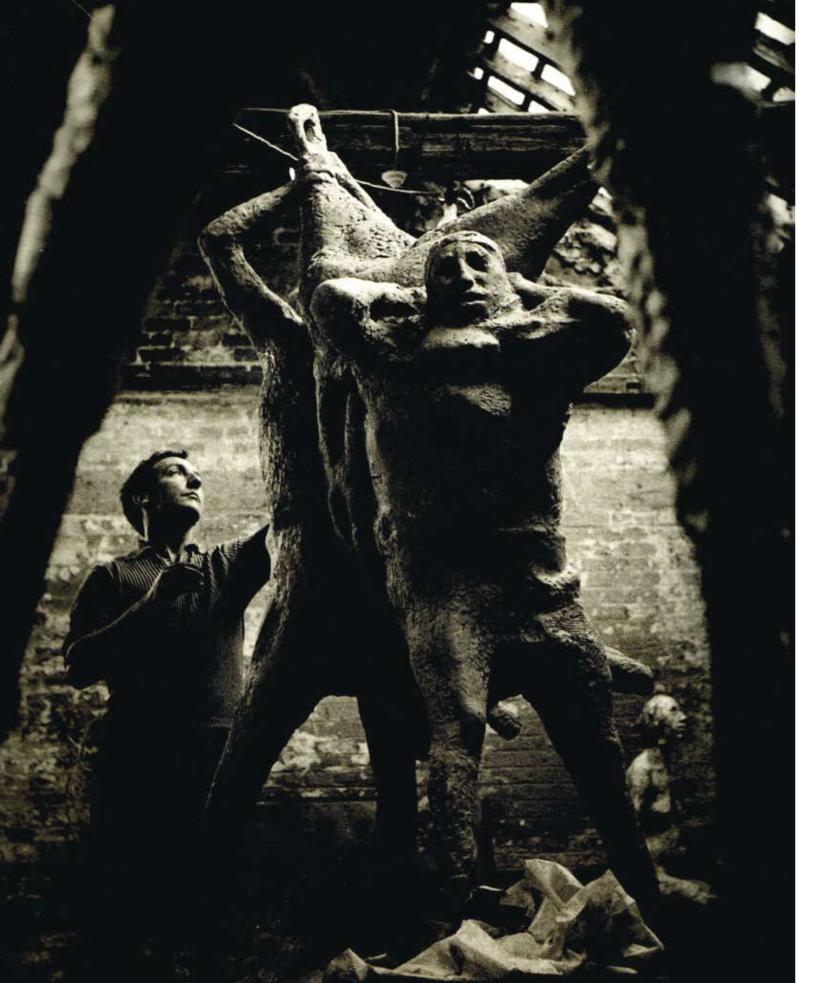
(LEFT)

Vernal Figure (detail)
1956-7, bronze

Edition of 6

Height 135cm

(ABOVE)
Ralph working in his studio on *Pomona*



A POIGNANT PRESENCE: THE SCULPTURE OF RALPH BROWN IN THE 1950S AND 60S

...it is the particular, the personally assymetrical, the unique that is sacred to him. His view of life is a poignant one...

John Berger, 'Around and About'
New Statesman and Nation, 17 September 1955

r or nearly sixty years, Ralph Brown has explored the human body through drawings and sculpture. Sculptors have dealt with the subject for centuries – representing and celebrating the body's forms, isolating its parts, fragmenting it, highlighting its surfaces, releasing its fluids and revealing its hidden anatomy. Through the twentieth-century, artists – from Auguste Rodin, Henry Moore and Alberto Giacometti to Mona Hatoum, Jake and Dinos Chapman and Ron Mueck – have constantly reinvigorated, reinvented and reimagined the body as a subject for art. In all its aspects, Brown has used the dynamism and expressivity of the human form to engage with social, cultural and aesthetic values. In bringing together the humanist and 'social realist' sculpture which he made in the Fifties and the sensuous swimming reliefs and sculptures of the early Sixties, this current exhibition presents what is probably Brown's most important work. At that time, the young sculptor attracted great acclaim from critics and fellow artists as he accrued awards, showed in major international exhibitions alongside contemporaries such as Lynn Chadwick and Eduardo Paolozzi and sold work to national and international collections. Interestingly, sculpture from this period is currently undergoing its own renaissance as it has recently become some of the most popular and collectable artwork of the twentieth-century. Furthermore, some of the works on show, such as Queen and Cacao, have been specially cast by Pangolin for the first time ever - making this focused exhibition a truly unique celebration of the sculptor's eightieth year.

Born in Leeds in 1928, Brown identifies strongly with his Yorkshire roots and a shared sculptural heritage with fellow-artists such as Henry Moore, Barbara Hepworth, Kenneth Armitage and George Fullard. Studying art in Leeds, Hammersmith and then at the Royal College of Art, where he was taught by Frank Dobson, Heinz Henghes and John Skeaping, aspects of his Northern upbringing and surroundings were important in shaping his approach to life, work and social values. His early drawings and figures reflected a political awareness as well as a sensitivity to the drudgery and poignancy of everyday life for ordinary working people. Certainly, the textures and forms of the Yorkshire landscape can be seen in the folds of his sculptural reliefs: the limestone fissures and rocky crags and clefts which Brown climbed as a young man reappear in a range of the wall pieces and figures he made in the 1950s and 60s. Paradoxically though, as Brown has frequently asserted,

(LEFT)
Ralph Brown
working in his studio
at Digswell, 1963
Photo: Lewinsky



Paris and the sunlit Mediterranean - the South of France, Italy and Greece - hold an equally symbolic significance for his work.

A formative experience that proved influential for a number of the sculptures in this show – Cacao, Mother and Child, Clochard, Running Girl with Wheel - is the time he spent in Paris in the 1950s, especially during the spring and summer of 1954. On a brief trip in 1951, besides visiting the Musée Rodin, Brown was particularly impressed by witnessing firsthand the raw emotion of Germaine Richier's figures and was also fortunate to meet Alberto Giacometti installing his first show at Galerie Maeght. In 1954, whilst still at the Royal College of Art, he returned to Paris for a studentship at l'Académie de la Grande Chaumière in the ateliér of Ossip Zadkine. Through John Berger's introduction, Brown stayed in Raymond Mason's studio apartment just off Boulevard Saint Michel, whilst Mason was away in Spain. Brown's diaries and sketchbooks from the time document his absorption with the social life of the city: here there are children playing games in the Jardin de Luxembourg, flaneurs lounging at pavement cafés, destitute and homeless figures huddled around the warm grates of the Metro. Equally, steeped in figurative sculptural traditions, Brown's work from the period offers a conduit back to Rodin as the life-model for Cacao was Libero Nardone, the eighty-year-old Italian who, in his youth, regularly modelled for Rodin and probably posed for *The Kiss*.

On his return to Britain, Brown made a strong impact as an emerging young artist when his work was exhibited at a series of shows at Gimpel Fils

(ABOVE) Ralph Brown as a young boy climbing Armscliffe Crag





and the Leicester Galleries. Supporting and encouraging Brown's work, Henry Moore purchased *Mother and Child* and other sculptures quickly found their way into various national collections. Subsequently, the artist was invited to propose works for public commissions: after acquiring *Sheep shearers*, Harlow Art Trust later went on to commission the magnificent *Meat Porters*, a visceral study of 'bummarees' at Smithfield Market. Importantly, whereas many of his contemporaries were producing anthropomorphic sculpture – spiky, abstract forms based on insects, crustaceans and other creatures – Brown, in common with contemporaneous Italian sculptors such as Marino Marini and Giacomo Manzu, maintained his commitment to the idea that the human figure remained a rich subject for art.

In mid-Fifties Britain – a time of Cold War stand-offs, 'angry young men' and domestic 'austerity' – such a commitment had a resounding engagement with a particular social and political ethos. John Berger, then the art critic for the *New Statesman and Nation*, identified Brown's sculpture with a range of other 'social realist' artwork he championed at the time, such as that of Derrick Greaves, Jack Smith and George Fullard. For Berger, Brown's figures, such as *Mother and Child* and *Clochard*, were not political in any overt sense, but they conveyed a poignancy and a sensitivity to the human condition which, even today, has a universal resonance.

At the turn of the decade, Brown's fluid reliefs and swimming figures reflected an obsession with the Mediterranean and with a sensuality which is associated with the sunlight, land and seascapes of the region. Brown

8

spent time in Southern France and also in mainland Greece and this particularly inspired a series of works which depict or evoke the body moving through water.

The 'head' also became a major subject for Brown as it did also for many other sculptors at the time. Eduardo Paolozzi, William Turnbull, Elisabeth Frink, George Fullard and Hubert Dalwood all explored the 'head' as a powerful symbol of reason and imagination around the early Sixties. Brown's 'heads' might be read as phallic and yet their forms are often neither male nor female. Indeed, they bring together the fist, the head, the penis and the female vulva: their androgynous allusions suggest a combination of genders. Besides the tumultuous forms, his heads and reliefs evoke the fluidity of flesh, skin sliding against skin. For me, *Lovers Relief* expresses the *jouissance* of the body when, gripped in desire, it hangs on the boundaries of orgasmic pleasure.

On a darker note, there is a blatant brutality about some of the figures – *Turning Woman*, in particular, where the body appears to have been cleft in two. This disturbing image leads us into a confrontation with one of the centrepieces of the exhibition, *Queen*. An earlier related work, *Standing Queen*, caused a major controversy when Brown first proposed exhibiting it at Digswell in 1963. The split visage was perceived as an inappropriate image by the Trustees who insisted that he changed the title; Brown refused and, subsequently, he left the arts community. *Queen* was originally commissioned by the Peterborough Development Corporation for a public site in front of the cathedral but it was never realised due to funding problems. Now, we see it here in its commanding regality. Brown brings to his 'royal' subject a notion of excess and vulgarity. There is a hint of the burlesque about this monstrous creature which appears, at once, both threatening and benign.

In his later work, as I have argued elsewhere, Brown presents us with difficult imagery: the erotic and the bestial sit uneasily side by side. But, banally, experiences of pleasure are often tinged with pain. Brown's figures, reliefs and heads evoke the full gamut of human experience: his work reminds us that we are not merely social entities but we are also emotional and sexual creatures. It enables us to celebrate the physicality of our own bodies with all their erotic energies and desires. PJ Kavanagh captured this perfectly when, in 1972, he wrote of Brown's work as

...a hymn to the body which, because it is respectful, lets in the soul as well. There is an argument between the two but not a contradiction; a hesitation, a bedazzlement which is a part of the subject; a celebration.

GILLIAN WHITELEY
January 2009

Gillian Whiteley is an artist-curator-writer who has written on various aspects of twentieth-century and contemporary art, including the monograph *Social, Savage, Sensual: the Sculpture of Ralph Brown*, Sansom & Company Ltd, 2009. Also see www.sounds.bl.uk for her extensive interviews with Brown for the Artists' Lives project in the British Library's National Life Story Collection (1999/2000).

(RIGHT) Turning Woman, Study (detail)

CATALOGUE





(RIGHT)
Tragic Group
1953
Bronze
Edition of 8
Width 51 cm



(ABOVE & RIGHT)

Mother and Child

1954, Bronze

Edition of 6

Height 100 cm

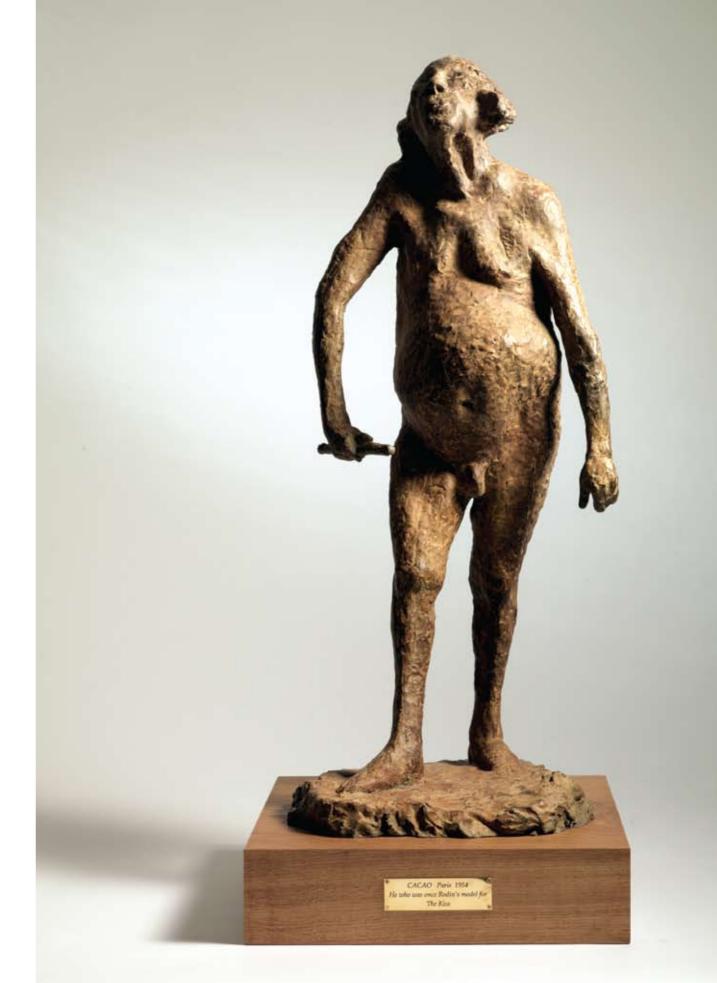




(ABOVE) (RIGHT)

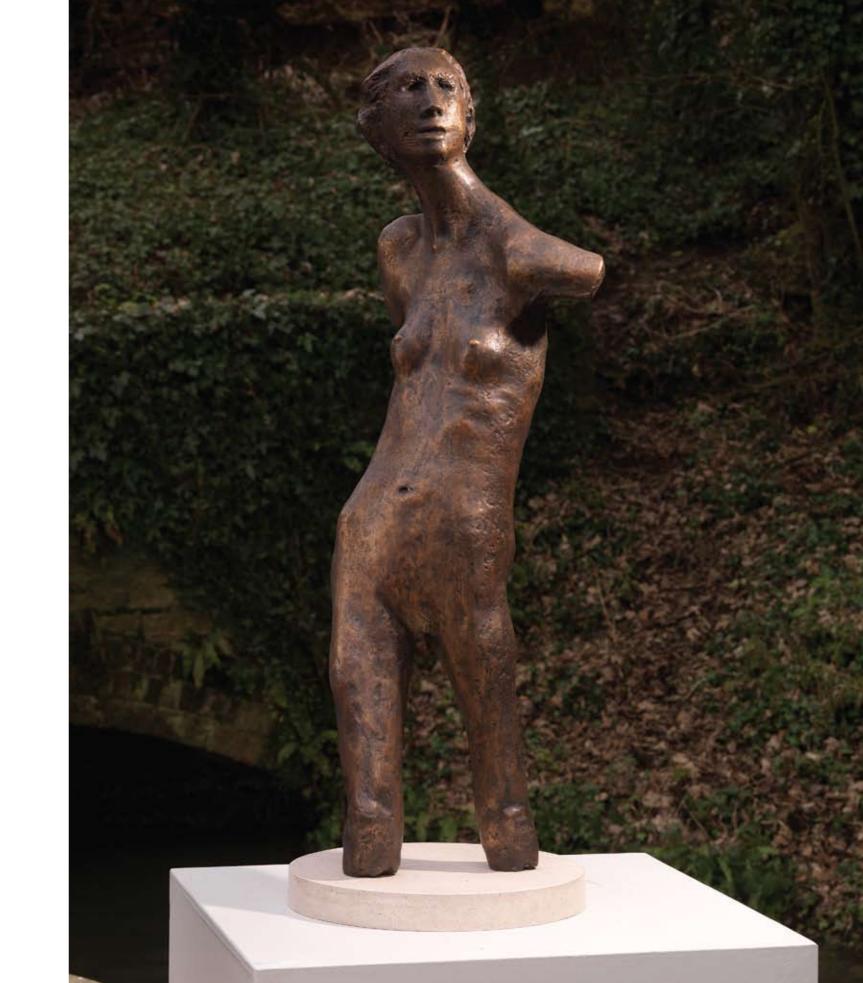
Running Girl With A Wheel Cacao

1954, bronze 1954, bronze
Edition of 9 Edition of 8
Height 30 cm Height 71 cm





(ABOVE)
Clochard
1955-6, bronze
Edition of 6
Length 168 cm



(RIGHT)

Vernal Figure

1956-7, bronze

Edition of 6

Height 135 cm



(RIGHT)

Ox-Carriers
1958-9, bronze
Edition of 3
Height 216 cm

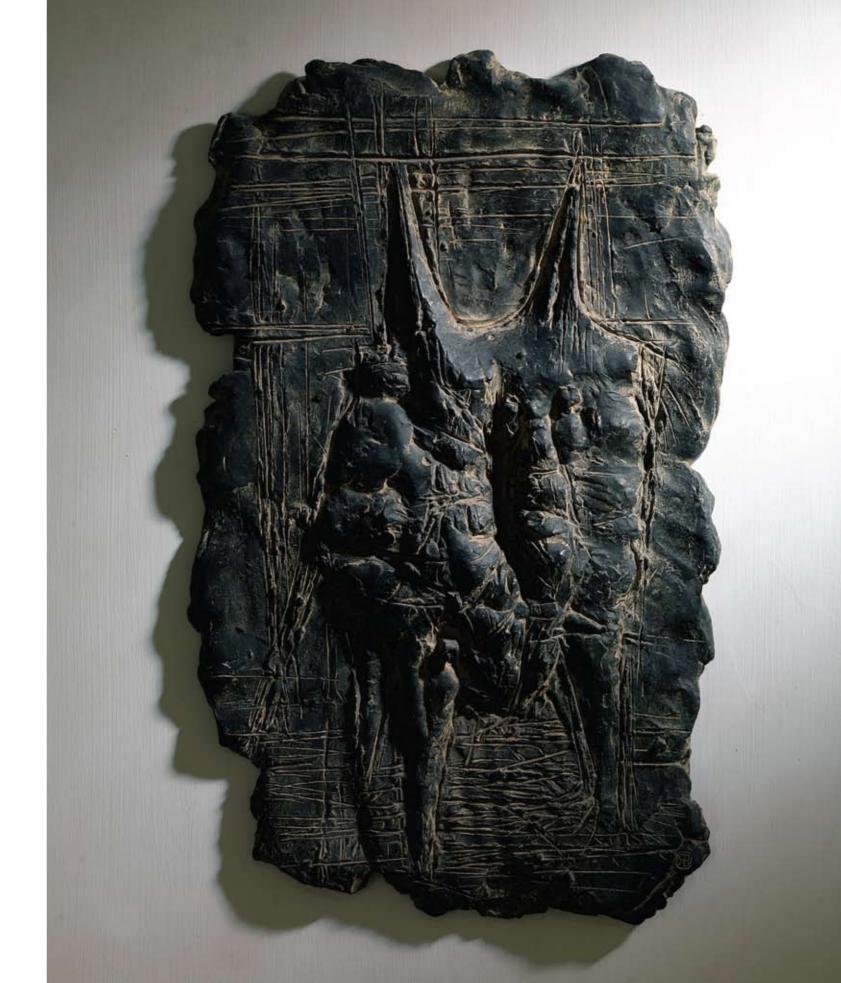


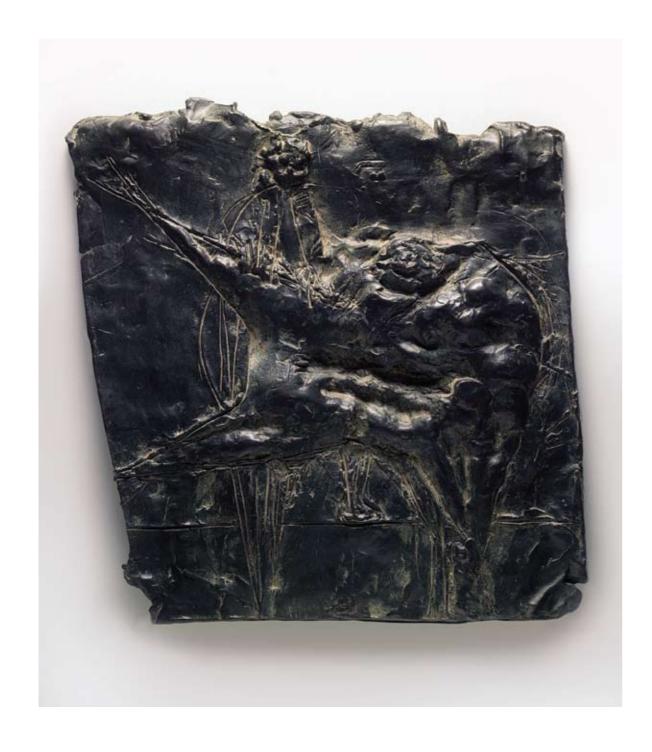
(LEFT)

Maquette for Harlow
1957, bronze
Edition of 8
Height 43 cm

(RIGHT)

Relief. Sarcorphori
1960, bronze
Edition of 10
Height 56 cm





(ABOVE)

Men With Carcass - Relief
1960, bronze
Edition of 10
Height 48 cm

(RIGHT)

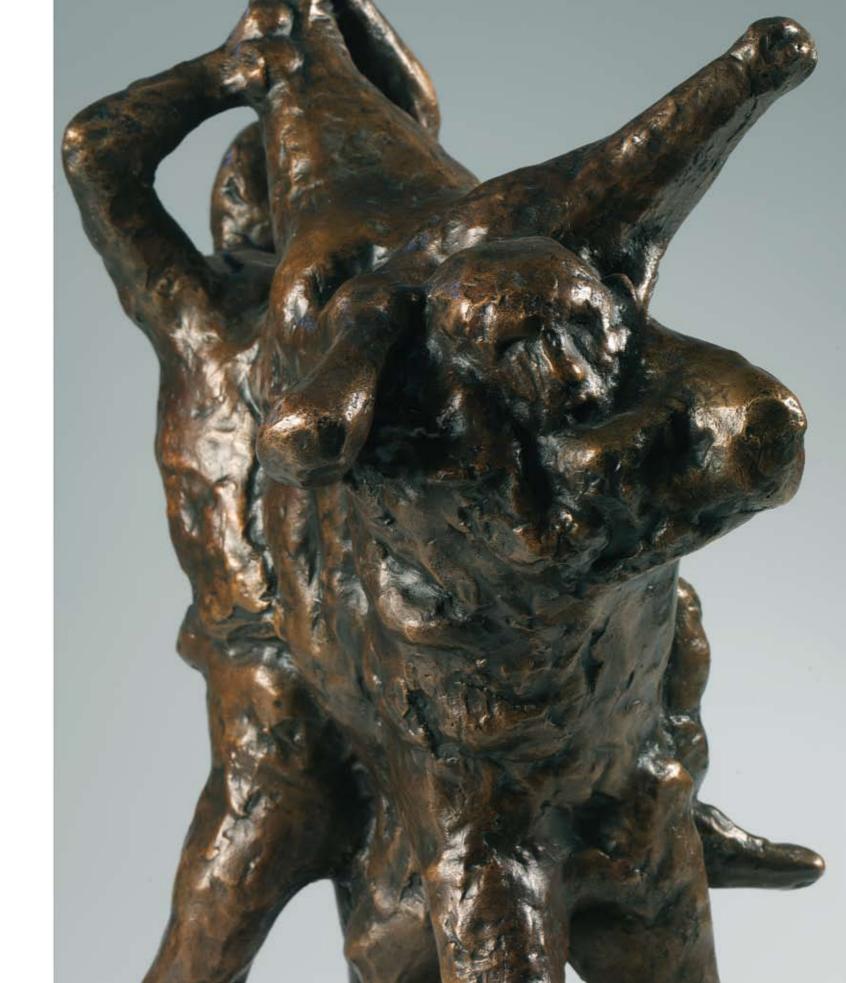
Man With A Carcass
1959, bronze
Edition of 10
Height 38 cm





(ABOVE & RIGHT)

Ox-Carriers
1960, bronze
Edition of 10
Height 25 cm





(ABOVE)
Pastoral. Relief
1963, bronze
Edition of 8
Length 79 cm

(RIGHT)

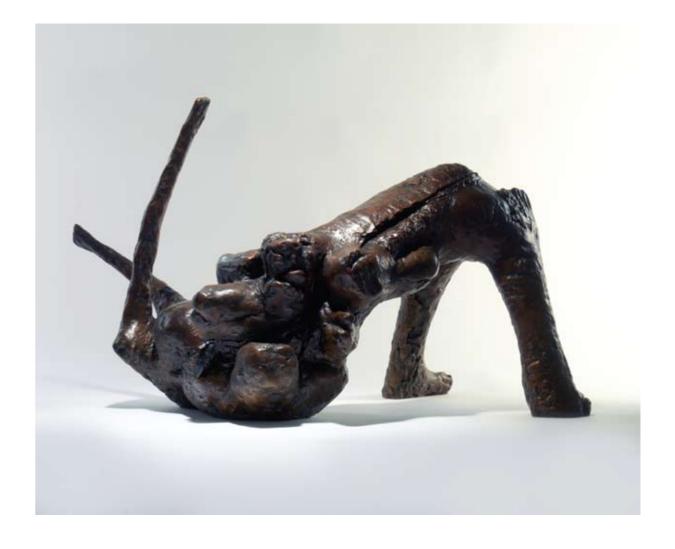
Woman Bathing
1960, bronze

Edition of 9

Height 36 cm







(ABOVE)
Pastoral
1962
Pencil on paper

(ABOVE)
Eclogue
1962-3, bronze
Edition of 8
Length 71 cm

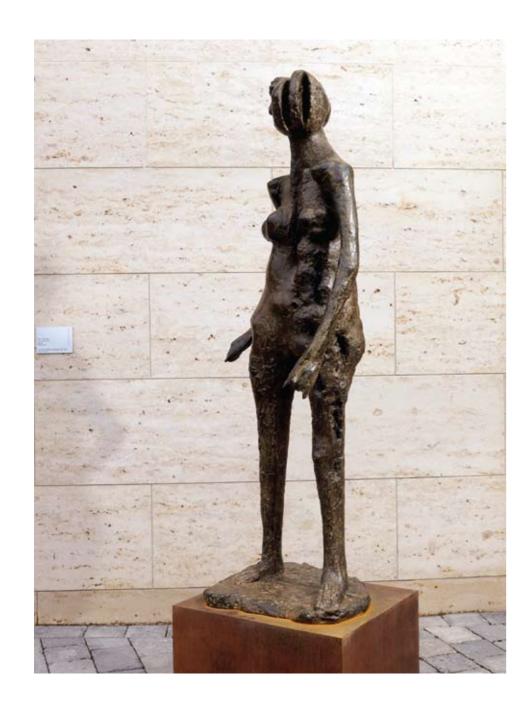
32



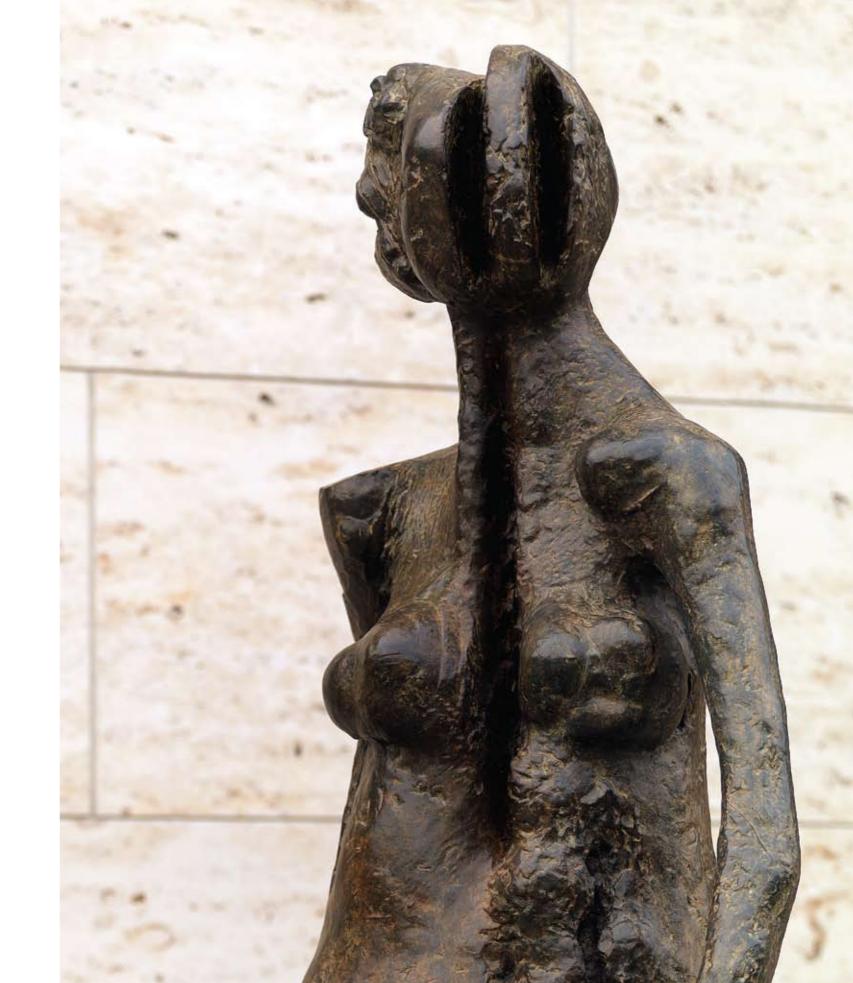
(ABOVE)
Relief. Tiresias
1960, bronze
Edition of 12
Height 25 cm

(RIGHT)
Turning Woman, Study
1960, bronze
Edition of 7
Height 84 cm





(ABOVE & RIGHT)
Turning Woman
1962, bronze
Edition of 4
Height 153 cm





(RIGHT)
Swimming
1959-60, bronze
Edition of 6
Length 92 cm



(ABOVE)

Divers

1959-60, bronze

Edition of 8

Height 48 cm

(RIGHT)

Doubled Swimmer
1960, bronze

Edition of 9

Length 30 cm





(ABOVE)
Swimming Woman
1960, bronze
Edition of 8
Height 41 cm

(RIGHT)

Swimming Movement
1960, bronze

Edition of 7

Length 69 cm





(ABOVE)
Lovers - Relief
1960, bronze
Edition of 10
Length 64 cm

(RIGHT)

Mask. Swimmer

1961-2, aluminium

Edition of 10

Height 20 cm





(ABOVE)
Torso, Dancer
1958, bronze
Edition of 12
Height 33 cm

(RIGHT)
Surfacing - Relief
1960, bronze
Edition of 10
Height 56 cm





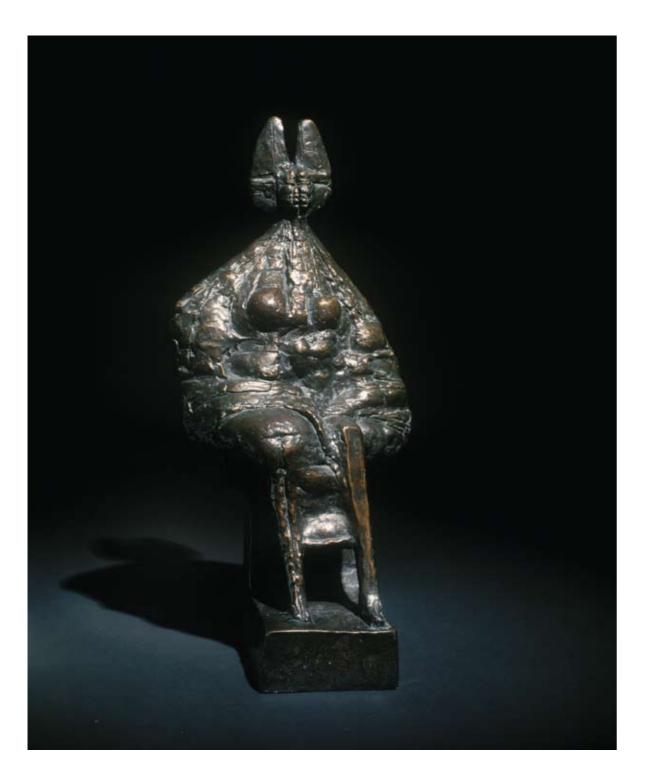
(RIGHT)

Queen

2008, bronze

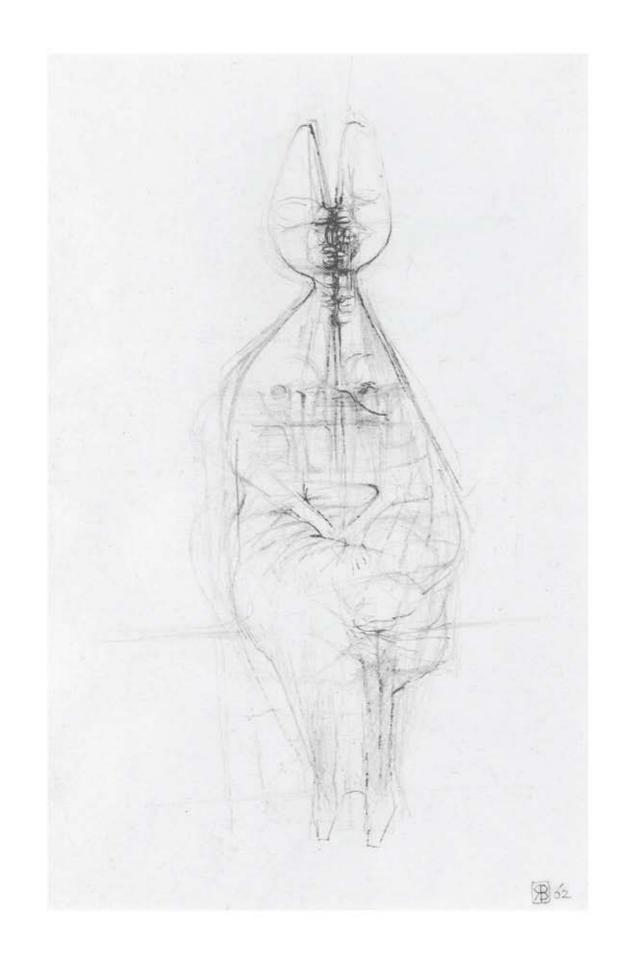
Edition of 5

Height 198 cm



(ABOVE) (RIGHT)

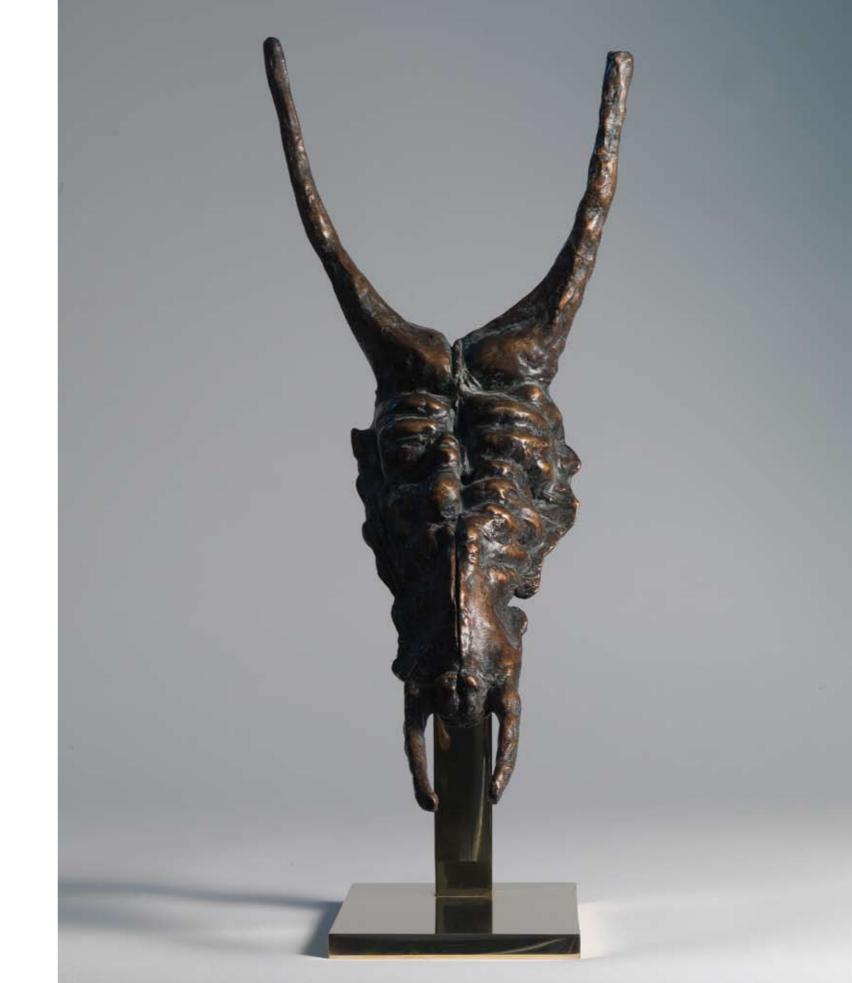
Seated Queen, Maquette
1962-3, bronze
Edition of 9
Height 51 cm
(RIGHT)
Seated Queen
1962
Pencil on paper





(ABOVE)
Head. Queen
1963, bronze
Edition of 8
Height 43 cm

(RIGHT)
Figure/Head
1963, bronze
Edition of 9
Height 46 cm





(ABOVE)
Female Head
1962, bronze
Edition of 9
Height 25 cm

(RIGHT)

Boxer Head

1963, bronze

Edition of 8

Height 33 cm





(RIGHT)

Pomona

2007, bronze

Edition of 5

Width 127 cm



When this exhibition of my work of the Fifties and early Sixties was proposed, it raised some problems. Important plasters had been destroyed and other originals were damaged or lost in the course of several studio moves. Many were still in edition though, and could be recast, and Pangolin Editions could solve all the technical difficulties.

But I would be winding back the clock by over 50 years...

It cannot be often that an old sculptor has the opportunity to regain this kind of intimacy with his earliest works. At first I wondered what on earth I was thinking when I made them; soon it was as if I had made them yesterday. As the body of work came together, covering the period from 1953 to 1963, I recognised the energetic young sculptor who made a fair amount of sculpture in just ten creative years. Revisiting that decade has been an invigorating experience.

Therefore, I take this opportunity publicly to express my gratitude to Rungwe Kingdon and Claude Koenig for their generous support in helping me to recast the remaining bronze editions of this group of sculptures. An especial thank you to Rungwe for enabling me to develop significant works from that period at their full scale, as originally intended. Also for his generous introduction to this catalogue.

Gillian Whiteley has written a perceptive introduction. She interviewed me in 2000 for the British Library 'Artists Lives' project, and wrote and edited the new book about my work. She probably now knows more about it than I do!

Throughout the preparations for this exhibition I have been given enormous help by Steve Maule and the team at Pangolin Editions, as well as by Bob Thornycroft in my own studio.

Steve Russell has worked patiently with me, with great skill and understanding, on all the new photography for this catalogue, which Polly Bielecka has thoughtfully designed.

Finally, the Old Sculptor is grateful to his wife Caroline, who organises him and everything around him with persistent devotion. Thank you, Carrie.

RALPH BROWN March 2009

(LEFT)
Ralph Brown in
his studio with
Pomona and
Female Head

RALPH BROWN RA

b. 1928, Yorkshire

BIOGRAPHY

	Landa Cynysynay Cabaal
1939-46	Leeds Grammar School
1946-48	Service in the Royal Air Force
1948-51	Leeds School of Art
1951	Hammersmith School of Art. Studied under Leon Underwood, Percy Brown and
	Keith Godwin. First visit to Paris, went to Musée Rodin, saw work by Germaine
_	Richier, met Alberto Giacometti.
1952-56	Royal College of Art Sculpture School, studied at first under Frank Dobson then
	John Skeaping and Heinz Henghes.
1954	John Skeaping arranged studentship exchange to Paris. Studied at L'Académie de la
	Grande Chaumière in the atélier of Ossip Zadkine. Whilst in Paris, met Germaine
	Richier, and Giacometti again and visited reserves at Rodin's Meudon studio. Visited
	Holland and stayed with the sculptor Mari Andriessen.
1955	Met Jacob Epstein and became frequent visitor to his studio. Henry Moore visited
	Young Contemporaries exhibition at the RBA Galleries and bought Mother and Child
	in bronze. Leeds City Art Gallery and Arts Council also bought bronzes of <i>Mother and</i>
	Child. Travel scholarship to Greece. RCA thesis on Rodin and Medardo Rosso published.
1956-58	Taught at Bournemouth College of Art.
1957	Boise scholarship to Italy. Worked in Cannes making mosaics with Hjalmar Boyesen
	for Picasso. Visited Marino Marini, Giacomo Manzu, Emilio Greco and Pericle Fazzini.
1958-73	Tutor at The Royal College of Art.
1958	Moved to Digswell Arts Centre
1959	John Moore's Liverpool Exhibition,(2nd Prize for <i>Meat Porters</i>)
1960	Tate Gallery purchased Swimming 1959-60
1961	First solo exhibition at the Leicester Galleries, London
	Motif feature by Bryan Robertson published
1963	Left Digswell and moved to Cotswolds,
	Second solo exhibition at Leicester Galleries
1964	Summerson Panel Member and through the 6o's was a visiting lecturer at several
	provincial art schools. Kenneth Cook worked as assistant and then as bronze founder.
1968	Elected Associate of the Royal Academy of Arts
1972	Elected Royal Academician.
	Professor of Sculpture at Salzburg Summer Academy of Fine Arts
1973	Gave up all teaching in UK and moved studio and family to mountains, South of France.
	Joined there by assistant Michael Werbicki.
1975	Returned to UK. Werbicki continued to work with Ken Cook on bronzes. Taught
	part-time at Bristol Art School
1988	Major retrospective exhibition at Henry Moore Galleries, Leeds City Art Gallery, then
	at Warwick University Arts Centre
1993	Began association with Pangolin Foundry and Gallery, Stroud
1997	Started working on marble carvings using Studio Sem in Pietrasanta, Italy

2007	Revisited some early works, and with encouragement from Rungwe Kingdon and
	support from Pangolin Editions, was at last able to start making the large versions.

2009 Retrospective exhibition at Pangolin London, Kings Place

Brown currently lives and works in Chalford, Gloucestershire

SELECTED SOLO EXHIBITIONS

2009	Ralph Brown at 80: Early Decades Revisited, Pangolin London
2005	Number Nine Gallery, Birmingham
1999	Bruton Gallery, Leeds
1996	Alpha House Gallery, Sherborne, Dorset
1995	Falle Fine Art, St Helier, Jersey
1988	Ralph Brown Sculpture and Drawings, The Henry Moore Centre for the Study of
	Sculpture, Leeds City Art Gallery and Mead Gallery, University of Warwick Arts Centre
1987	Eton Art Gallery, Eton
	Beaux Arts, Bath
1986	Solomon Gallery, London
1985	Long Island Gallery, New York
1984	Charles Foley Gallery, Columbus, Ohio
	Lloyd Shine Gallery, Chicago
1983	Beaux Arts, Bath
	Puck Building, New York
1979	Browse and Darby, London
1976	Robert Welch Gallery, Chipping Camden
	Taranman Gallery, London
1975	Galerie H, Marseille
	Oxford Gallery, Oxford
1974	Galerie Dortindeguey, Montpellier
1973	Gunther Franke, Munich
	Robert Welch Gallery, Chipping Camden
	Festival Gallery, Bath
1972	Archer Gallery, London
1972	Traklhaus Galerie, Salzburg
1971	Form International, London
1964	Bangor University
	Forum Gallery, Bristol
1963 & 1961	Leicester Galleries, London

SELECTED GROUP EXHIBITIONS

2008	Revitalism, Gallery Pangolin, Chalford	
	Sterling Stuff II,Pangolin London, Kings Place.	
2007	Sculpture in the Garden, University of Leicester	
	Summer Exhibition, Royal Academicians at 108 Fine Art, Harrogate	
2005	Out of the Melting Pot, Dexia Banque Internationale, Luxembourg	
2003	Sterling Stuff, Reykjavik, Iceland	
2002	Sterling Stuff, Gallery Pangolin, Stroud	

60

2001	Vitαlism, Gallery Pangolin, Stroud
2000	Kunst Zonder Grenzen, Kunstergalerij, Antwerp
	Sculpture at Goodwood West Sussex
1999	Shape of the Century-100 years of Sculpture in Britain, Salisbury Cathedral and at
	Canary Wharf, London
1996	Monumental '96, Park Henri Lannoye, Antwerp, Belgium
1986	British Sculpture 1950-65, New Art Centre, London
1985	The Forgotten Fifties, Graves Art Gallery, Sheffield and on to Norwich,
	Coventry& Campden Arts Centre, London
1983	Christie's Contemporary Art, New York
3 3	British Art, New Directions, Puck Building, New York
1981	British Sculpture in the 20th Century, Whitechapel Art Gallery, London
1977	Silver Jubilee Exhibition of Contemporary British Sculpture, Battersea Park, London
1975	Sculpture in Holland Park, London
1972	British Sculptors '72, Royal Academy of Arts, London
1969	Artists of the Leicester Galleries 1910-1969, Morley Gallery, London 1968
-5-5	Coventry Cathedral Open Air Sculpture Exhibition
1967	Carnegie Open Air Sculpture Exhibition, Dumfermline, Scotland
1966	Sculpture in the Open Air, Battersea Park, London
1965	British Sculpture in the Sixties, Tate Gallery, London
1963	Seventh International Biennale, Tokyo
1903	Battersea Park International Open Air Sculpture Exhibition
	English Sculpture, Hanover-Gimpel Gallery, Zurich
1962	British Sculpture Today, Ashgate Gallery, Surrey
1962	Painting and Sculpture from Leeds, Dortmund, Germany
1901	British Sculpture '61', touring exhibition, Wales
	Resolution 42, Bethnal Green Library, London
	Royal Scottish Academy Summer Exhibition ('Meat Porters' invited)
1960	Three Humanist Sculptors (with Jack Greaves & Betty Rea), Zwemmer Gallery, London
1900	Artists of Fame and Promise, Leicester Galleries, London
	Contemporary British Sculpture, Arts Council open-air touring show
	Northern Artists, Arts Council touring show
1960	Sculpture in the Open Air, Battersea Park, London
1959	Middelheim 5th Biennale, Antwerp
	2nd John Moores Exhibition, Walker Art Gallery, Liverpool (Prizewinner)
0	Artists of Fame and of Promise, Leicester Galleries, London
1958	Five Yorkshire Sculptors (Armitage, Hepworth, Moore & Thornton), Leeds City Art Gallery
	The Religious Theme, Tate Gallery, London
	International Open Air Sculpture exhibition, Sonsbeek, Belgium
1957	1st John Moores Exhibition, Walker Art Gallery, Liverpool (Prizewinner)
	Six Young Artists, Roland, Browse and Delbanco, London
	Contemporary British Sculpture, Arts Council open-air touring show
1956	Young Sculptors, Institute of Contemporary Arts, London
	Young Contemporaries, RBA Galleries, London
	Eight Young Contemporaries, Gimpel Fils, London
1955	Young Contemporaries, RBA Galleries, London
	Eight Young Contemporaries, Gimpel Fils, London
	Artists of Fame and of Promise, Leicester Galleries, London

Young Contemporaries, RBA Galleries, London 1954 Six Young Contemporaries, Gimpel Fils, London Young Contemporaries, RBA Galleries, London 1953 Six Young Contemporaries, Gimpel Fils, London

From 1968 Ralph Brown has shown annually at the Royal Academy of Arts Summer Exhibition

PUBLIC COLLECTIONS

Art Gallery of New South Wales, Australia Aberdeen Art Gallery, Scotland Albright-Knox Collection, Buffalo, USA Arts Council of Great Britain Cass Foundation, Sculpture at Goodwood **Chantrey Bequest Collection** City of Bristol Museum and Art Gallery Contemporary Art Society, London Halifax Art Gallery

Huddersfield Art Gallery; Leeds City Galleries National Museum of Wales, Cardiff Norfolk Contemporary Art Society

Royal Academy of Arts Royal College of Art, London Salzburg State Museum, Austria Southport Art Gallery Stuyvesant Foundation, South Africa; Tate Gallery, London University of Liverpool West Riding Education Committee, Yorkshire Sculpture at Goodwood, Meat Porters Sculpture at Goodwood, La Sposa

Rijksmuseum Kroller-Muller, Netherlands

COMMISSIONS

Harlow New Town Sheep Shearer Harlow Market Square Meat Porters Brussells World Fair 1958 Three Boys Commonwealth Institute Portrait of Gandhi Tulse Hill School, London Man and Child Hatfield New Town Market Place Fountain Liverpool University, Engineering Block, Relief - Pastoral

Loughborough University Man and Child Manufactures Hanover Bank, London, Wall panels Cambridge. Newnham College, Swimming Hemel Hempstead. Kodak House Portrait of George Eastman Jersey Zoo, The Patriarch. Jambo,

SELECTED PUBLICATIONS & RECORDINGS

Social, Savage, Sensual: The Sculpture of Ralph Brown, Sansom & Company, 2009 A vision for twenty-first century British sculpture, Sculpture at Goodwood, 2002 Ralph Brown Sculpture, Epe books, 2000 Ralph Brown: Sculpture and Drawings by Denis Farr, Ruth Walton and Adam White, The Henry Moore Centre for the Study of Sculpture and Leeds City Art Galleries, 1988 Ralph Brown has been recorded by the National Sound Archive: http://sounds.bl.uk

63 62

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Pangolin London would like to thank a number of people for their help in bringing this exhibition and catalogue to fruition. Firstly to Ralph and Caroline Brown for all their hard work over the past few years preparing the works for this exhibition. To Gillian Whitely for writing such an interesting and insightful essay. To Cass Sculpture Foundation for the kind loan of *Meat Porters*. To Steve Russell for his unwavering patience and superb photography and finally to Steve Maule and all the Pangolin Editions team for their skillful craftsmanship and tireless dedication.

Polly Bielecka Pangolin London

Published to accompany the exhibition:

Ralph Brown at Eighty
Early Decades Revisited
18th March - 3rd May 2009
Pangolin London
Kings Place
90 York Way
London N1 9AG

T: 020 7520 1480

E: gallery@pangolinlondon.com

Printed in Century Gothic and Corbel Designed by Pangolin London Printed by Healeys Printers

All photography by Steve Russell unless otherwise stated. © Pangolin London 2009